

Implications of Improved Emissions Estimates

Session Chairs:

Leonor Tarrasón, NILU

Terry Keating, USEPA

Evolution of GEIA and the Emissions Inventory Community

From: Providing a global emissions data set for use in atmospheric models

To: Organizing the scientific community to improve emissions inventories at the neighborhood, city, regional, and global scale to inform:

- **Earth System Science:** Understanding the processes driving that past, present, and future atmospheric composition and the implications for human health, welfare, and the environment.
- **Policy Development:** Projection and posterior evaluation of the impact of mitigation policies and changes in economic activity and technology on air quality, climate change, and their health and environmental impacts.
- **Forecasting and Public Information:** Providing information in near real-time to help individuals (and organizations) manage their exposure, contribution, and response to air pollution.

Improvements & Innovations

- Availability of Detailed Data and Computing Power
 - Enabled Increased Spatial and Temporal Resolution
- New Observations and Analysis Techniques
 - Enabled Increased Evaluation of Traditional Emissions Estimation Techniques
 - Enabled Development of New Emission Estimation Techniques
- Increased Communication Across Regions and Disciplines
 - Facilitated By Information Technology and Collaborative Projects
 - Creating Expanded Capability and Improved Information

Persistent Challenges

- Availability of Information at the Process Level, for example:
 - emission rates of vegetation species
 - prevalence of technology types
 - chemical composition of emissions
- Timeliness
 - Responding to Rapid Developments
 - Near Real Time Data Demands
- Systematic Evaluation of Uncertainties
- Learning from Insights
 - Informing changes to emission estimation techniques
 - Informing uses of emissions data
- Capacity and Information Gaps by Region and Emission Sector
 - Can we share information where we have it and focus community efforts where the biggest gaps are?